THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1866. NO. 219.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitues a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	7 00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	3 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

[OFFICIAL.]

SCHEDULE OF STAMP DUTIES.

FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 1, 1864.

Acknoweldgement,

Of deeds — exempt.

Affidavit.

Affidavit — 5 cts.

Affidavit in suits or legal proceedings — exempt.

Agreement,

Or Appraisment (for each sheet, or piece of paper on which the same is written) — 5cts.

Assignment,

Or transfer of mortgage, lease, or policy of insurance, the same duty as the original instrument.

Assignment of patent right — 5cts.

Bank Checks,

Drafts or orders, &c., at sight or on demand — 2cts.

Bills of Exchange,

[FOREIGN,]

[Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, each bill of set of three or more, must be stamped.

For every bill of each set, where the sum made payable does not exceed one hundred dollars, or the equivalent thereof in any foreign currency in which such bills may be expressed, according to the standard of value fixed by the United States — 2cts

For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars — 2cts

(Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, (if drawn singly or in duplicate,) pay the same duty as Inland Bills of Exchange.

[The acceptor or acceptors of any Bill of Exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn, or purporting to be drawn, in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must, before paying or accepting the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty.]

Bills of Exchange,

[INLAND.]

(Inland, draft or order) payable otherwise than at sight or on demand and any promissory note, whether payable on demand or at a time designated, (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment,) for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts.

For every additional $100, or fractional part thereof — 5 cts.

[The warrant of attorney to confess judgment on a note or bond is exempt from stamp duty, if the note or bond is properly stamped.]

Bills of Lading,

Of vessels from ports of the United States to British North America — exempt

Bills of lading or receipt for goods to any part of the United States — 10 cts.

Bills of Sale,

Of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cts.

Bill of sale exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000 — $1 00

Bill of Sale exceeding $1,000, for each $500, or fractional part thereof — 50cts.

Bills of Sale of personal property, other than ship or vessel.) — 5 cts

Bonds,

Personal for the payment of money. (See Mortgage.)

Bond, official — $1 00

Bond for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where ultimately recoverable thereupon is $1,000, or less — 50 cts.

Bond where the money recoverable exceeds $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 50 cts.

Bond of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this Schedule — 25 cts.

Certificates,

Of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 1 cts.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts.

Certificates of stock in an incorporated company — 25 cts.

Certificates general. — 5cts.

Certificates of record upon the instrument recorded — exempt.

Certificates of record upon the book — exempt

Certificate of weight or measurement of animals, coal, wood, or other articles, except weighers' and measurers' returns — exempt.

Certificates of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of Deeds, or Notary Public — 5 cts.

Certificates of search of records — 5 cts.

Certificates that certain papers are on file — 5 cts.

Certificates that certain papers cannot be found — 5 cts.

Certificates of redemption of land sold for taxes — 5cts.

Certificates of birth, marriage, and death — 5 cts.

Certificates of qualification of school teachers — 5 cts.

Certificates of profits in an incorporated company for a sum not less than $1, and not exceeding $50 — 10 cts.

Certificates exceeding $50, and not exceeding $1,000 — 25 cts.

Certificates exceeding 1,000 for every additional $1,000 or fractional part thereof — 25cts.

Certificates of damage, or otherwise, and all other certificates for documents, issued by any port warden, marine surveyer, or other person acting as such — 25 cts.

Certified Transcripts,

Of judgments, satisfaction of judgments, and of all papers recorded on file — 5 cts.

(N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of 5 cts.]

Charter Party,

Or letter, memorandum, or other writing between the captain, owner, or agent of any ship, vessel, or steamer, and any other person, relating to the charter of the same, if the registered tonnage of said ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed one hundred and fifty tons — $1 00

Charter party exceeding one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding three hundred tons — $3 00

Charter party exceeding three hundred tons, and not exceeding six hundred tons — $5 00

Charter party exceeding six hundred tons. — $10 00

Check,

Or order for the payment, of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand — 2 cts.

Contract.

(See Agreement.)

Contract, broker's. — 10 cts.

Conveyance,

Deed, instrument, or writing, whereby land, tenements, or other realty sold, shall be conveyed the actual value of which does not exceed $500. — 50 cts.

Conveyance exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — $1 00

Conveyance for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 50 cts.

Endorsement

Of any negotiable instrument — exempt.

Entry

Of any goods, wares, or merchandise at any custom-house, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value. — 25 cts.

Entry exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — 50 cts.

Entry exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — $1 00

Entry for withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse. — 50 cts.

Gauger

Return, if for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons, gross. — 10 cts.

Gauger, exceeding 500 gallons. — 25 cts.

Insurance.

(Marine, Inland, and Fire,) when the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $1. — 10 cts.

Insurance, exceeding $10, and not exceeding $50. — 25 cts.

Insurance, exceeding $50 — 50 cts

Insurance (Life,) when the amount insured does not exceed $1,000. — 25 cts

Insurance exceeding $1,000, and not exceeding $5,000. — 50 cts.

Insurance, exceeding $5,000. — $1 00

Insurance, limited to injury to persons while traveling. — exempt.

Lease.

Of lands or tenements, where rent does not exceed $300 per annum. — 50 cts.

Lease exceeding $300, for each additional $200 or fractional part thereof in excess of $300. — 50 cts.

Lease perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance," the stamp duty to be measured by resolving the annual rental into a capital sum

Lease, clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional.

Manifest,

For custom house entry or clearance of the cargo of any ship, vessel, or steamer for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed 300 tons. — $1 00

Manifest exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons. — 3 00

Manifest exceeding 600 tons. — 5 00

Measurers' Returns,

If for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels — 10 cts.

Measurers' Returns exceeding one thousand bushels. — 25 cts

Mortgage,

Trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100, and not exceeding $500. — 50 cts.

Mortgage exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $500. — 50 cts.

Pawners' Checks.

Pawners' Checks — 5 cts.

Pension Paper.

Powers of attorney, and all other papers relating to applications for bounties, arrearages of pay or pensions, or to receipt thereof. — exempt.

Passage Tickets,

From the United States to a foreign port costing not more than $35. — 50 cts.

Passage Ticket from the United States to a foreign port, costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50. — $1 00

Passage Ticket for every additional $50, or fractional part thereof in excess of $50. — $1 00

Power of Attorney,

To sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon. — 25 cts.

Power of Attorney to vote at election of incorporated company — 10 cts.

Power of Attorney to receive or collect rents — 25 cts.

Power of Attorney to sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate. — $1 00

Power of Attorney for any other purpose. — 50 cts.

Probate of Will,

Or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000. — $1 00

Probate of Will for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $2,000 — 50 cts.

Probate of Will, bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, are each subject of a stamp duty of — $1 00

Probate of Will certificate of appointment. — 5 cts.

Protest

Upon bill, note, check, or draft. — 25 cts.

Promissory Note.

(See Bills of Exchange, Inland.)

Promissory deposit note to mutual insurance companies, when policy is subject to duty. — exempt.

Promissory Notes, renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note.

Quit Claim Deed.

To be stamped as a conveyance, except when given as a release of a mortgage by the mortgagee to the mortgager, in which case it is exempt.

Receipts

For the payment of any sum of money or debt due exceeding $20, or for the delivery of any property — 2 cts.

Receipt for satisfaction of any mortgage or judgment or decree of any court. — exempt.

Sheriffs' Return,

Return on writ, or other process. — exempt.

Trust Deed.

Made to secure a debt, to be stamped as a mortgage.

Trust Deed, conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance.

Warehouse Receipts

For any goods, wares, or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding $500 in value. — 10 cts.

Warehouse Receipt exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — 20 cts.

Warehouse Receipt exceeding $1,000, for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 10 cts.

Warehouse Receipts for any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard. — 25 cts.

Writs and Legal Documents.

Writ, or other original process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity — 50 cts.

Writ, or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100, or over — 50 cts.

Upon every confession of judgment or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid — 50 cts.

Writs, or other process on appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record. — 50 cts.

Warrant of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100. — 25 cts.

Warrant of distress, when amount exceeds $100. — 50 cts.

Writs, summons, and other process issued by a justice of the peace, police or municipal court, of no greater jurisdiction than a justice of the peace in the same State. — exempt.

Writs, and other process in any criminal or other suits commenced by the United States or any State. — exempt.

Official documents, instruments, and papers issued or used by officers of the United States Government. — exempt.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp required thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if issued after the 30th of June, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot be afterwards effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrant, publication, petition, &c., in which cases these, as the original processes, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings

Certificates of loan, in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes."

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof of the amount secured by the mortgage at the time of its assignment, there must be fixed a stamp or stamps denoting a duty of fifty cents

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamp to which the instrument is liable under the law may be affixed and cancelled by any one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required; and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case, a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

WE STRIVE TO PLEASE.

FARRIS & LACK.

MERCHANT TAILORS & CLOTHIERS,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Have just received their Spring stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS,
CAPS,
SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
CRAVATS, AND
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

These Goods were purchased at low rates for CASH, and will be sold at prices which will enable us to live and let our patrons live.

If you want Fine French Cloths and Cassimeres call at FARRISS & LACK'S.

If you want fine German or American Goods, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

If you want good Ready Made Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

If you want Cheap Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

If you want good Clothing made in good Style, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

We say nothing of our STYLE AND TASTE as we prefer that our work should speak for us and not we should speak for our work. We refer any one desiring information on this point to our patrons.

We do not say we have more goods than any one else, and that we will sell lower than any one else, but we do say we have a good stock, and are receiving weekly accessions thereto. We will say further that we have bought these goods and intend to sell them.

If you want bargains, GIVE US A CALL.

Cotton, Corn, Bacon, Flour and Lard taken in exchange for Goods.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 7-203-tf. FARRISS & LACK.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, April 6th, 1866.

The Public are informed that the speed over this road has been increased and close connections are made with all trains going North & South. Passengers do not change Cars from Charlotte to Weldon, To Baltimore, and other Cities North, the fare is as low as by any other route and time as quick.

Through tickets to all places North by both Petersburg and Richmond and Washington City, and by Norfolk and Bay Steamers, and to the Principal Cities in the North West, via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad—Baggage checked through. To Shippers very great inducements are offered. It is the quickest, safest, and as cheap as by any other route. Freight is shipped through without breaking bulk from Charlotte to Norfolk. The connections at Norfolk with Superior Ocean Steamers commend this route to all interested in shipping.

A. JOHNSON, Supt.

Raleigh, April 9-204-1m

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, to be held at their banking house in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 3rd day of May next, is called to consider the general affairs of the Bank, and particularly whether proceedings shall be instituted on the part of the Bank, under the act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to enable the Banks of this State to close their business," ratified March 12th. J. G. BURR, Cashr.

Wilmington, N. C. April 4 200-tdm

Standard, "Old North State," Salisbury, Greensboro' Patriot, Salem Press, Fayetteville News and Newbern Times publish till May 1, and forward accounts to Principal Bank at Wilmington.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF RALEIGH N. C.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, M. D., President.
HIRAM W. HUSTED, Vice President
R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, EVERARD HALL
HIRAM W. HUSTED, JAMES M. TOWLES,
WILLIAM H. JONES, QUENTIN BUSBEE,
CHARLES B. ROOT, JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM H. McKEE, M. D WILLIAM E MILLER,
KEMP P. BATTLE, ALBERT JOHNSON,

R. H. BATTLE.

Policies issued payable after death, or when the Insurer shall attain a certain age, *free from the claims of creditors, if parties insure for the benefit of wife and children.* Premiums, over thirty dollars, may be paid, half in cash and half in premium note on *Life Policies.*

Office of the company in the Bank of Cape Fear in Raleigh.

All communications for the office in Raleigh must be addressed to R. H. BATTLE, Sec'y.

March 8 177-d3m. Raleigh N. C.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND SUP'T., WILMINGTON, Mar. 22, 1866.

CHANGE OF SCEDULE.

On and after the 25th inst., TRAINS will run over this road as follows.

MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily at ..... 9 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at ..... 3 46 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 9 45 A. M.
Leave Weldon daily at ..... 1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at ..... 7 12 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at ..... 1 45 A. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily except Sundays at ... 6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at ..... 1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 8 45 P. M.
Leave Weldon daily except Sundays at ..... 6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at ..... 12 47 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at ..... 8 45 P. M.

The Mail trains make close connections through to New York and Charleston by inland and Bay routes, also with Raleigh and Gaston trains.

Trains leave Goldsboro at 4 A. M., and 5 P. M., going West, and 8 15 A. M., going East. Trains from the West arrive at Goldsboro' at 12 40 A. M, and 7 45 A. M., from the East at 9 45 P. M.

All dry goods and light groceries will be carried by these daily Freight trains, and close connections will be made with trains on the N. C. Railroad, daily except Sundays. Goods by steamers will be sent forward the day after they are received into the Warehouse. No extra charge by this train, which we hope our patrons, old as well as new, will notice.

We do not underbid our neighbors, but work as low as any, and will deliver as promptly as the best, and claims for loss or damage will be adjusted at once, if presented according to our rules

S. L. FREMONT, Engineer and Superintendent.

March 26-193 1m.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND Commission Merchants,

No. 14 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, R. W. PULLIAM.

JUST RECEIVED,

Muscovnda Molasses,
Extra C Sugars,
Prime Factory Cheese,
No. 1 Mackerel in Kitts.

Offered to the trade at LOWEST PRICES.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 29, 187, tf. 14 Fayetteville Street

IN STORE

10 bbls. Spirits Turpentine in perfect order.
1000 Bunches Spun Cotton. Best quality in fine order in bales of 250lb. bunches each.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 29-187 tf 14 Fayetteville St.

JUST RECEIVED.

37 Boxes Manufactured TOBACCO,
Spun Cotton assorted from No. 8 to 13.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
Raleigh, March 22, 189, tf 14 Fayetteville St.,

An Act to regulate the terms of the Supreme Court and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, as follows:

SEC. 1. That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be hereafter held in the City of Raleigh twice in each year, beginning on the second Monday's of January and June instead of the terms now prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. Causes depending in said Court, which have been discontinued, in consequence of the failure of the Judges to hold any of its regular terms, shall be reinstated on the docket by the Clerk.

SEC. 3. The publication of this act in some newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks after its ratification, shall be deemed notice to the parties, their Agents and Attorneys.

SEC. 4. This act shall be in force, from and after its ratification

Ratified the 16th. day of March A. D. 1866.

S. F. PHILLIPS, S. H. C.
C. S. WINSTEAD, S. S.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this Office.

Given under my hand the 16th. day of March A. D. 1866

R. W. BEST, Sec'y. of State

March 17-185-6w

A MARBLE FRONT AT HILLSBORO'.

WE ARE opening the finest Stock of French, British and Austrian Goods, ever seen. Samples sent to Students, at X Road prices,

NOT MARBLE FRONT PRICES!

Money received on deposit at 6 per cent, Gold subject to draft, at 30 days interest from date of receipt. Reference everybody. We have never suffered a protest on our Paper. N. C. old sizes on deposit draw 3 per cent in U. S. Currency per annum.

BROWN, PARKS & CO.

mar22, 189, tf

VIRGINIA TO EUROPE DIRECT.

The Splendid British Steamship

EPHESUS,

CAPT. WM. COLLINGS.

Will leave Norfolk for Liverpool, direct, on or about May 1st.

For freight, apply to WILLIAM LAMB, Norfolk Va.

Messrs. Chieves & Osborne, Agents, Petersburg, Va.

Messrs. MacAndrews & Co., Agents, Liverpool.

April 5-201-3w*

1866.

ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Trade to our very desirable and choice stock of

American and British Fancy Dress Goods,

among which may be found the latest styles *imported this season*, together with an extensive assortment of superior

STAPLE GOODS, AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

We particularly call the attention of Merchants visiting this city to our large stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

and hesitate not to say that we are prepared to offer extra inducements. Our stock is new and fresh, embracing a general assortment of desirable Goods—all recently purchased at reduced rates, and will be offered at prices to suit the trade, at our Wholesale Ware Room on Second Floor of Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

where Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece will be glad to see their old friends and the Trade generally.

McILWAINE & CO.

Petersburg, Va., March 15, 183, 2m

McILWAINE & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of

GROCERIES, COTTON, TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.

They trust, by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of

McILWAINE, SON & CO.,

of which our senior was so long a member.

McILWAINE & CO.

ROBT. D. McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRIDGERS.

Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Granam, can be found with us where he will be pleased to see his friends.

Petersburg Va. Feb. 23,—196—6ms

1866 1866

SPRING STOCK.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.

OUR NEW PLAN OF CONDUCTING BUSINESS

IS working like a charm, viz: One of our firm, remaining constantly in the Northern Markets, gives us great advantages in purchasing all the late Novelties in Fashion, at the *recent heavy decline in prices.*

We are now receiving a most superb Stock of Ladies Dress Goods, consisting of Black and colored Silks,

MOZAMBIQUES,
GRENADINES,
SPRING CHALLIES,
ORGANDY MUSLINS,
CHINTZ JACONETS,
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN CALICOES
POPLINETTES,
BAREGES,
ARGENTINES,
TARLTANS,
SWISS, JACONET,
AND NANSOOK MUSLIN

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,

March 23-191-tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

SILK MANTILLAS,

Basques, Sacques, Parasols, Fans, &c. &c.,
A beautiful stock
March 23-191-tf W. H. & R. S TUCKER.

LADIES' HATS, GAITERS, SHOES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, &c. &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, March 23, 191. tf.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE SOFT FRENCH Hats and Dress Hats, fine Shoes, Gaiters, &c. &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,

March 23-191-tf

BOYS' AND MISSES' HATS & SHOES,

A large assortment. Call and examine our Stock. It will pay you, as we have bought goods very low and will sell them cheap.

March 23-191-tf W. H. & R. S TUCKER

KEEP COOL!

300,000 lb's Pure Flint Ice!!

Parties desiring can procure ICE, by the Season, on very moderate terms.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

April 13 208 tf

BOARDING.

One or two small Families can find Board and Lodging with

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

BOARD by the day, week or month

March 21, 188-tf

VANCE, DOWD & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having associated themselves together, will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catawba, Davidson Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

Claims collected any where in the State.

Mar. 30-196 tf.

A. J. DEROSSET, WM. L. DEROSSET, GRAHAM DAVIS

DEROSSETT & CO.,

Formerly DeRossett & Brown.

(Established in 1839.)

General Commission Merchants,

No. 6 NORTH WATER ST.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

WILL give personal attention to the purchase and sale of Produce of every description, and to receiving and forwarding goods.

Feb 23, 166, 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Copperas,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Willow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,
and
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention. DAVIS & JONES.

Feb 1., 3m147.

COTTON SEED! COTTON SEED!!

A fine lot of Extra quality Pomegranate COTTON SEED, one and two years old.

In Store and for Sale by DAVIS & JONES,

March 24-192-tf Raleigh, N. C.

10 FOUR or six horse Waggons, in good running order, for sale by DAVIS & JONES.

March 5, 174, tf

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va

November 23-91-6m-pd.

PUTNAM COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims of this or other debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited. COWPER & MOORE

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders to COWPER & MOORE.

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.

COWPER & MOORE

Feb. 24, 167, tf.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hillsboro Street, seven rooms attached, and one on Halifax Street, 8 rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just received. COWPER & MOORE.

Feb 23, 166, tf

HENSHAW & THORBURN

COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 2ms.

DONT FORGET.

That OUR BLANKS—the greatest variety—for County officers, Lawyers and others, are gotten up in the best style, by one of the best Lawyers and most thorough business men in N. C. Large lot on hand.

April 14-tf COWPER & MOORE.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LAURIN

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 South Water Street,

Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Jan. 27. 142 6m

FOR SALE.

25 Barrels of Tar, in excellent order.

March 24-192-tf DAVIS & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES. Editors.

Thursday, April. 26, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly, per year,	5 00
Weekly, per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

The Jacobins of 1791 and 1866.

The most casual reader of history cannot fail to have remarked the many strong points of resemblance between the present Radical Congress and the Jacobin National Assembly of the French Revolution. In the latter, crime was cloaked beneath the specious garb of Liberty and Equality. In *our* day, the same false divinities are invoked to patronize injustice and extenuate oppression and wrong. With the Radical, the *black* cap, symbolizing the office of the executioner, takes the place of the bloody *bonnet rouge* of the Jacobin. The one brought the sacred head of the King to the block; the other threatens the head of the Government with impeachment. The leading characters that compose the Congress are not less similar to many of those that figured in the Assembly. In Sumner we have the plausible exterior and polished rhetoric of Robespierre, and in Thad. Stevens the ruffianly diabolism of Anacharsis Clootz.—Should both of our American Jacobins experience, politically, the just and tragic fate of their prototypes, the parallel will be as complete a one as history can draw.

Lamartine, in his grand sketches of the men and times of the French reign of terror, draws a picture of events in the earlier stages of the Revolution, which is so closely analogous to the present posture of affairs, that one almost trembles with the apprehension that such coincidences must result in similar consequences. We quote the language of the eloquent historian:

"The increasing popularity of the King augmented the popular excitement. *Twice* had he already arrested, by his royal *veto*, the energetic measures of the Assembly,—the decree against the *emigres* and the decree against those *who had not taken the oath*. These two vetoes, the one dictated *by his honor*, the other *by his conscience*, were two terrible weapons, placed in his hand by the *Constitution*, yet which he could not wield without wounding himself.

"The Pamphleteers and the Jacobin journalists constantly spoke of these two vetoes as acts of treason. Their voice echoed through the provinces, carrying with it the derision and hatred attached to the royal vetoes. *The Constitution, handed over to ridicule and hooted in the Assembly*, had now become the plaything of the populace."

We all know the sanguinary denouement of this state of things. Our only hope that a like anarchy, lawlessness and violence may not follow the present course of the 19th Century Jacobins, lies in the character of our people and our President. *They* are not unreasoning and passionate, and *he* is as unlike the amiable, but weak and vacillating, Louis, as it is possible for one ruler to be unlike another. Louis XVI. cowered and trembled in the presence of his enemies. Andrew Johnson plants himself upon the Constitution and defies them at the threshold, and at every step of their hostile progress. Moral courage always triumphs over mere brute numbers.

Their Ultimatum.

It is stated that the so-called Reconstruction Committee will, in a few days, announce their *ultimatum*. It is foreshadowed as follows in the Washington correspondence of the New York *Express*:

First. The Constitution must be so amended that hereafter no State shall make any discrimination in its laws or Constitution on account of race or color. Second. After July 4th, 1876, negroes must and shall have the right to vote. Third. There shall be no representation between 1866 and 1876 for colored persons not allowed to vote. Fourth. Southern States to be represented on these terms and conditions on taking the test oath prescribed by Congress.—The Radicals say that no better terms than these will be allowed.

What becomes of the assertion of the *Standard*, and other disciples of the "strait-sect," that the failure of the people to elect representatives, who could take the test oath, was the sole bar to their admission into Congress? It seems, according to the new programme, that ability to take that oath is but an insignificant portion of the exactions required.

If the above are the only terms upon which we are to be entitled to representation, we can afford to remain out and pay our taxes a while longer. We can *bide our time*. The *Standard* objects to the expression, but we intimate no treason, we assure our sensitive neighbor. We only mean that we can afford to wait for the return of reason,—for the "sober second-thought."

The New York *Herald* considers it great good fortune in the United States to find so much cotton in the South at the close of the war.—Had England been so fortunate as to discover three hundred millions of dollars in gold,—the estimated value of the Cotton that has turned up in the South,—immediately after her exhausting war with Napoleon, how easily she would have passed through her troubles! Yet the Radical party in Congress are doing their best to destroy the El Dorado from which this great national wealth is derived. The North,—the whole nation,—needs all it can yield now, and the only way to secure it is the immediate restoration of the Union.

Mutilated Currency.

We copied, several days since, from a cotemporary, some directions as to the method of disposing of mutilated currency, and commented, with severity, upon the practice of brokers and bankers in subjecting such notes to a heavy depreciation. Upon a more attentive examination of the law upon the subject, we find that we were in error in some of our statements and inferences. For the correction of any misapprehension that may exist, therefore, as well as for the benefit of all who may have on their hands worn or mutilated notes of the United States Currency, we give, in brief, the rules regulating the redemption of the same:

Mutilated notes and fragments will be redeemed only at the Treasury of the United States at Washington. They should be forwarded to the "Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D. C.," with the *name* of the owner, the names of his or her *postoffice* and *State*, and the nominal value of the amount remitted *plainly written*. A draft on the Assistant Treasurer at New York for the amount allowed, returned by mail to the address of the person remitting, is the customary method of payment.

Notes presented for redemption, of which the abrasion or loss of substance from the corners or edges does not exceed one-twentieth of their original proportions, will be redeemed as entire notes. Fragments of notes will not be redeemed *in full*, except when proof is adduced by affidavit that the *missing parts* of such notes have been *totally destroyed*. The character of the affiant must be certified to be good by a magistrate or other public officer. In the absence of such affidavit, payments of notes exceeding by measurement more than one-half their original surface will be redeemed in their proportion to the whole note, reckoning, as a general rule, by twentieths.

Mutilated notes which have been torn, no matter how much, but of which all the fragments are returned—or defaced, no matter how badly, but are certainly genuine—will be redeemed at their full value on presentation.—Fragments of notes for which less than the full value has been paid, will be retained six months, to enable owners to return to the Treasury missing parts of such notes, and receive the amount previously withheld.

The above rules are applicable to legal tender demand notes and interest bearing notes. Mutilated fractional currency will be redeemed at the Treasury at Washington, under the following regulations:

Fragments of a note will not be redeemed unless it shall be clearly evident that they constitute one-half or more of one original note; in which case a note, however mutilated, will be redeemed in proportion to the whole note, reckoning by fifths, except three cent notes, which will be reckoned by thirds. Mutilations less than one-tenth will be disregarded, unless fraudulent; but any mutilation which destroys more than one-tenth the original notes will reduce the redemption value of the note by one-fifth its face value; or if a three cent note, by one-third its value.

When spurious notes of any denomination are presented for redemption they will be stamped "counterfeit."

GENERAL WALLACE, Attorney-General of Tennessee, says that he shall not pay any respect to the Civil Rights bill on account of its gross unconstitutionality. The General was a faithful Federal soldier during the war, and therefore it will not do to question his loyalty. We hope that he may be able to contest the bill in such a way as to bring it squarely before the Supreme Court, which is the only legitimate and proper method of bringing its validity to an issue. At any rate, the fight over it is not yet done, and it may yet receive a veto that no two-thirds vote can overcome. The *National Intelligencer*, and other papers favorable to the President, publish the names of many eminent jurists who have expressed their opinions against the validity of the bill, and several of the judges on the Supreme Bench itself are known to be of the same mind. If an adverse decision can be had on it, Radicalism will thenceforth be more cautious, for it will be humiliated by a judicial conviction of its high crimes and misdemeanors.

IT IS A NOTABLE fact, that, since the Proclamation of Peace, and the generally believed-in restoration of the *Habeas Corpus*, when many, who mistake the character of our people, might have supposed they would abuse their new-born privileges by defiance and angry exultation, exactly the contrary has been the result. The former most violent papers have greatly moderated their tone. The explanation is simple: While the people of the South chafe under harshness and domination, they are the most tractable in the world, when magnanimously left to the instincts of honor and self-respect.

THE LOCAL election news from Ohio, like that previously reported from Indiana, shows, in every quarter, large gains for the Conservatives and a corresponding loss and consequent despondency among the Jacobins.

GOLD closed in New York, on the 23d., at 126⅝. Cotton dull at 37 cents.

Liverpool advices, we learn by private telegram, were received, on yesterday, to the 11th inst. There had been a decline of one penny in cotton.

The remains of Colonel Barksdale, of Mississippi, late of the Confederate army, are in Washington, where they have been for a long time, awaiting a disposition on the part of some of his friends, who are daily expected there to take charge of them.

Thad. Stevens is a kind man. He says, not believing that C. C. Clay was in the conspiracy to assassinate Mr. Lincoln, he would try him as a belligerent, "confiscate his *property*, and let him go." *Property* is a great sinner. It has been dreadfully punished in this war. Thad. knows how severe is the suffering through loss of property, and earnestly recommends it as the sharpest sentence that can be meted out to man.

For the Sentinel.

One Brick!

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I am no man worshipper. I do not believe in making graven images, or bowing down to them, when made by others. I thought the proposition of a statue to Gov. Holden would only tend further to divide and distract our people. I knew the people could not agree upon the cost, size, height or style of the memorial.

The motives, too, of the people would be mixed. Some would engage in it from one motive, and some from another; some to honor and some to shame him. Some would be elated; some depressed. One thing is certain, it would not help us in the way of restoring us to our constitutional rights. A monument to the once bitter enemy of the Federal government will not help re-construction. All we wish to know is how to be re-constructed. We deem all time lost that is not devoted to the work of re-construction.

I know it's no use to "kick against the pricks." The people *will* have the monument. Let old Wake do her part. The Governor was always devoted to her and her people. He instructed them, for twenty years, in the doctrine of secession. Such as he could not lead, he *drove*, by signing the ordinance of secession.

How would it do to contribute by counties? What say Warren, Orange, Chatham, Guilford, and the 69 magistrates of Forsyth?—ungrateful men upon whom honors and rewards make no impression. Redeem yourselves, gentlemen; show your gratitude. Send down your contributions to the monument.

Present this to "P. E. C." as a corner stone from Wake, which I cut out of the old *Standard* quarry:

"The Proclamation of Abraham Lincoln, assuming the right to emancipate the slaves of the South, is one of the most monstrously wicked documents that ever emanated from human authority. It breathes, in every line, the spirit and the purpose of the infernal regions. If this proclamation could be carried out, it would consign the blacks and whites of the North American continent to one common ruin. This is a measure designed to benefit the black race. It would extinguish that race in less than ten years. Emancipation effected, a struggle would commence between the two races for the mastery. Every one knows how the struggle would terminate. Four millions of blacks would soon be reduced to a mere handful; they would be slaughtered by the whites until every hill and valley in the South would be stained with blood.

And this is the doom to which the abolitionists, with Lincoln at their head, would consign the slave.

Such a measure would make a Hayti of the South and a Pandemonium of the North. Its deified Union, thus cemented by smoking blood and founded anew on piles of human bones, would stand out as the greatest moral and political monster ever known in the history of mankind.

If, under this proclamation, any of Lincoln's officers or soldiers should encourage insurrection among our slaves, or should take part with them in such work, they would place themselves outside the pale of civilized warfare and would certainly be dealt with as pirates and outlaws."

WAKE.

From Washington.

THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, April 23.—A despatch to the *Express* from Washington states that the Reconstruction Committee agreed to-day that the Constitution must be so amended that hereafter no State shall make any discrimination on account of color, and after July 4th, 1876, negroes must have the right to vote; that there shall be no representation between 1866 and 1876 for colored persons not allowed to vote, and that the Southern States may be represented on these terms, on their Representatives taking the oath prescribed by Congress.

EVIDENCE IN REGARD TO THE ASSASSINATION OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The House Judiciary Committee have examined at great length a Dr. James B. Meredith, who alleges that he was present at Montreal in February, 1865, at a meeting of prominent Confederates, among whom were Sanders, Tucker, Thompson, and a large number of others, when the question of the assassination of Lincoln, Stanton and Grant was freely talked over, and it was generally understood among them that it was shortly to take place, and that Booth was the man who was to perform the act; and he says that a letter was exhibited purporting to be from Jeff. Davis, giving information in regard to the matter, and was told by Clay that he understood all about it. This is the same sort of evidence that came out in the conspiracy trials, which was not credited. Meredith says he was formerly from Kentucky; went to Canada in 1864, and now resides at Indianapolis, Indiana.

(This man seems emulous of the infamy of Conover, Hymans and others, acquired in the trial of Payne and others. There ought to be an investigation to ascertain who it is that pays these perjurers.)

THE VIEWS OF LOYAL SOUTHERNERS, SO-CALLED.

A delegation of loyal Southerners are here with a memorial most earnestly imploring Congress to save them from the gigantic injustice and cruelties perpetrated upon them by the present State organizations. Among other things they assert that Union men, black and white, have been forced by State processess and sheriffs from estates that were abandoned by rebels and sold under United States Tax laws, and purchased and now occupied by loyal men, with their crops growing and implements and stock all confiscated to the Rebel State authorities. They prove conclusively that loyalty is the most odious thing at present known in the South.

PARDONS UNDER THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

The number of special cases of pardon granted by the President, on Friday, is as follows: Thirteen persons from Alabama, four from Mississippi, and one from Louisiana, under the first and thirteenth exceptions; also eight persons from Kentucky under the twelfth exception of the proclamation of amnesty.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

It is the opinion of various prominent Congressmen that the present session will be closed early in June. Apart from the subject of reconstruction, all other business can be closed in several weeks.

The Rev. Mr. Minnigerode, of Richmond, spent Thursday last with ex-President Jefferson Davis, administering the sacrament, &c. Mr. Clay was not allowed to say a parting word to his fellow prisoners.

The Norfolk *Virginian* says: "On Thursday afternoon, about two o'clock, Mr. J. P. Hughes, a citizen of Norfolk, was arrested for having attributed a certain remark to a military official stationed in this city—was thrown into the hard labor prison, and kept there under confinement until 9 o'clock the same night, when he was released without trial.

Mr. Seward and Mr. Reverdy Johnson.

We hold, with Carlyle, that men are naturally hero-worshippers, and must have some object upon whom they can expend their admiration. In the absence of better, the two gentlemen above named will answer the purpose to-day. Here are some interesting remarks concerning them severally. The first is from a Boston paper:

MR. JOHNSON.

During the delivery of Johnson's reply to the smart sophistries of Trumbull, Mr. Bingham never left the Senate, sitting most of the time in the seat of Senator Doolittle, and occasionally conversing with Wilson, of Massachusetts.—Johnson is accepted now as the leading Constitutional lawyer of the country; and it was pleasant to see Bingham enjoy the argument of his political opponent, though, in this case, agreeing fellow legislator. As Johnson would pause after one of his quickly uttered gleams of legal light Bingham's eye would brighten, and he would nod his head in enforcement. Johnson's delivery is peculiar, and the very antipodes of Bingham's. He is not over five feet seven, white-haired with one defective eye, and a person rather inclining to obesity. To a reporter in the gallery he is the most tantalizing of speakers. He commences in a voice so low that not a word can be caught, gradually increasing its volume, but also in the swiftness of his enunciation till, in a very passion of logic, shaking his right hand and keeping his left in his pocket, he strains the power of phonography to the utmost; then his voice suddenly dropping, renders it almost as difficult to catch his last clause as it was to secure his opening. This is the more tantalizing, that his oratory, like DeQuincy's writing, is so built up that not one reporter in a thousand can supply the unheard word, and no other will do. Intellectually he needs no description. What was said of Daniel Webster as a lawyer is exactly applicable to Johnson in a Senatorial debate: "He never can win in a bad cause, and can never lose a good one." His logic is a despot to himself. His mind *won't* work illogically.

The second is from the Buffalo *Advertiser*—good authority:

MR. SEWARD.

We doubt if Mr. Seward ever *wrote* a speech in his life. For the purpose, however, of avoiding errors, and more particularly to guard against being charged with saying things which he did not say, it is his habit to *rehearse* his speeches before they are made in public. This is usually done in a private room, the speaker walking back and forth, or sitting down, at pleasure, whilst some friend or a professional reporter writes down his words as he speaks. The manuscript is then given to the printer, and if time allows, the speech is read and corrected by Mr. Seward, before it is given to the world. It has been a marvel to the present writer on more than one occasion, to see the ease with which the speech was made, and to remark the accuracy of the language, which did indeed convey the idea that careful study, writing, and re-writing, must have been given to the composition.

Once, when Mr. Seward was to address a great political meeting, we saw a reporter copying the speech a few hours previous. The speaker paced the room, smoking an interminable cigar. The reporter was not very expert, but was anxious to write as fast as possible.—"Don't hurry," said Mr. Seward, "take your time—take your time." It was wonderful to see the ease with which he adapted himself to the capacity of the reporter. We had the curiosity to test the accuracy of the speaker's memory, and attended the meeting, provided with a printed slip of the speech. We found that, with all his care, Mr. Seward was still not adequately reported. The speech, as made in public, was much better than at the rehearsal; for though there was a wonderful resemblance, yet there was much said the second time which did not appear in the printed speech. There was nothing in the reported speech which he did not say, but as he warmed up under the stimulus of the enthusiastic cheers of the great audience, he elaborated his points of argument and said many good things, for which he got no credit in the papers next day. We came to the conclusion then that Mr. Seward was one of the few orators whose public efforts did not improve under the printer's hands.

On another occasion we heard him deliver an elaborate argument in a great patent suit, which was composed in precisely the same way as we have narrated above. Mr. Seward's law partner copied his argument, and it was placed in type, and corrected by the author, who next day decorously read it from the printed paper before the United States Court. The composition of the argument, to our mind, was a more extraordinary performance than the political speech, for the suit was a very important one, involving an immense sum, and the argument was copiously interlarded with quotations and references to legal authorities.

Thus it will be seen that the reason why Mr. Seward's speeches are printed before they are spoken, is not because he is incapable of impromptu speaking. We fancy, indeed, that he speaks with much greater ease than he writes, and can testify that many of his most celebrated diplomatic dispatches have been composed orally, precisely as in the case of the speech and argument to which we have alluded. As to the interpolations of "applause," &c., they would be supplied by any enterprising editor or reporter who heard the speech publicly delivered, and noted where they came in.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—SENATE.—Nothing specially interesting transpired in the Senate to-day.

HOUSE.—In the House to-day, Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported adversely on the President's message suggesting a modification of the test oath, on the ground that, if it was modified, those who took part against the Government would be placed in the enjoyment of official positions, and treason would not be made odious.

Mr. Rogers presented a minority report, stating that the people in the South were loyal, and that it would be tyranny to exclude them.

The committee was discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

A revolution investing the President with power to take such measures as he may deem proper to prevent the introduction of the Cholera into the United States was agreed to.

The army bill was further discussed.

GENERAL BRAGG'S PLANTATION.—The case of the United States *vs.* the Greenwood plantation of General Braxton Bragg, was before the United States District Court at New Orleans last week. After a hearing, the court decreed that, "after deducting costs and taxes, amounting to $4,503.42, and the judgment in favor of D. Augustin for five hundred dollars, there be paid to J. B. Maureau $28,773,72, and to Pierre Lored $14,631,86, amounting in all to $43,000, the price at which the plantation was sold."

Amos Krat, Esq., was murdered by a negro at his residence near Shadwell depot, Albemarle county, Va., last week. So reads a newspaper em. Perhaps a muskrat perished.

GENERAL NEWS.

OSWEGO, N. Y., April 23.—Three cases of Fenian muskets were seized by order of the commander of the Department of the East, in this city, yesterday. They have been deposited at Fort Ontario. A further search for arms is in progress. The Fenians are greatly excited about the seizure.

BOSTON, April 21.—The Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in a case carried before the full bench on demurrer, has decided as follows: A revenue stamp is no part of the note, and need not be copied, nor is the validity of the note affected by the want of a stamp unless it is fraudulently omitted.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of seeing upon our streets yesterday the Hon. Clement C. Clay, who, as we have already informed the readers of the *Index*, is sojourning for a few days in our midst. Mr. Clay looks quite feeble, and his hair has rapidly silvered since last we saw him. Life in the bastile has done all this, but we hope the genial clime of his Southern home will ere long restore his wasted health.—*Petersburg Index* 24th.

In the Criminal Court, on Saturday, before Judge Bond, the testimony of negro witnesses in two cases of assault and battery, in which the rights of white persons were affected, was admitted by the court under the operation of the late act of Congress known as the "Civil Rights bill."—*Baltimore Sun.*

Senator Sumner wept last week in delivering a eulogy upon Mr. Foot. A day or two before that gentleman died Sumner charged him with pretending illness to avoid voting. Sumner seems to be as apt at crying as lying.

Thad.'s new and terse reply to questions about the prospects of Tennessee now is, "Tennessee be damned."

Brownlow must look to his laurels: Stevens is almost as great a blackguard.

A humbug calling himself Colonel Hawkins, from Tennessee, is circulating in California. He says Jeff. Davis offered $10,000 for his head. It is the opinion of the California press that Mr. Davis must have been hard up for a head.

"Who is that foreign lady with the low cut dress," asked Quilp of a bystander at a party the other evening. "That is Miss Chemise-off, a Russian lady," was the reply, "and an appropriate name it is."—*Boston Post.*

The burial of a young married woman was postponed, in Indianapolis, on Monday last, on account of the body being still warm, although the vital spark had apparently fled for about forty hours.

A lady friend tells us that the hair can be made to "crimp" much more readily by rolling it in a strip of the New York *Tribune*. When one of Sumner's speeches is used the hair curls up like that of a negro.

The meanest exhibition of fanatical and bigoted hate we have lately read of, occurred in Ohio. While a lot of cars intended for use on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad were coming through the Western reserve, some abolitionists, ascertaining they were for use in the South, savagely invaded them, cutting the cushions with knives and otherwise mutilating them—a revenge worthy of and just cowardly enough for abolitionists.

General Forrest has been admitted to bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars, in Yazoo City, without any preliminary investigation into the killing of the negro on his plantation.

The radicals ran a negro for Mayor in Madison, Wisconsin. He received 300 votes.

There are 37,000 churches in the United States. They will hold 14,000,000 people.

The third attempt to lay the Atlantic cable looks well. All the stock taken up, and nineteen miles of cable manufactured daily.

The Springfield papers announce that the tomb in which the body of President Lincoln is deposited is being defaced by relic hunters.

A colored M. D. has opened an office in Columbus, Miss. The darkies there are excited about it.

Nineteen deaths have occurred from the explosion of the nitro-glycerine in San Francisco.

Prentice says if a man thinks a nigger his equal or his superior, he is not mistaken.

The Explosive Power of Nytro-Glycerine.

(From the Washington Star.)

Our readers no doubt remember the question, "Will salt-petre explode?" so widely discussed some years ago. None of the doubt which made that a mooted point, attaches to the fact of the destructiveness of nytro-glycerine, so thoroughly demonstrated by recent occurrences at San Francisco, Aspinwall, and elsewhere; and which have directed the public attention to an article heretofore little known outside of mining, commercial, and scientific circles. Glycerine is the sweet principle of oil, is extensively used for toilet purposes, and of itself is harmless enough. But when combined with nitric acid, in the proportion of three parts of the latter to one of the former, a highly explosive substance, nytro glycerine, is found. It is oily heavier than water, soluble in alcohol and ether, and acts so powerfully on the nervous system that a single drop placed on the tongue will cause a violent headache, which will last for several hours. Its explosive force is at least ten times greater than gun-powder, but not until recently has it been applied to a practical purpose, namely, blasting; the cost of which it is said to reduce fully fifty per cent., Hence its value in mining, and its growing importance as an article of commerce. But its terrific force, as shown by the late series of destructive explosions, demands the imposition of proper legal restrictions on its use, transportation and storage. By the explosion at San Francisco on the 16th instant, fifteen or twenty persons were killed instantly, while many others were dreadfully injured, and the value of the buildings destroyed by the explosion is at least $20,000. In 1865, when attention was first called to the new explosive agent it was shown that, in case of shipment, "*one pound* exploding by some unforeseen accident on board of a two hundred ton vessel, would tear the vessel to pieces." No wonder the explosion of two hundred pounds at Aspinwall, on the 3d instant, was sufficient to blow up a strong iron ship, destroy the wharf, and shatter most of the buildings in the vicinity, causing the loss of fifty lives, and the destruction of property amounting to at least $1,000,000.

In addition to the above, we have seen accounts of two fatal illustrations of the destructiveness of this liquid in Germany, and our readers, no doubt, will remember the explosion in front of the Wyoming Hotel, New York, on the 5th of November last, which was only less destructive than the more recent occurrences elsewhere, on account of the small quantity exploded.

CLEMENCY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.—A sergeant of the British army was sentenced to be shot for treason—Fenianism being proved upon him. The Queen commuted the sentence to penal servitude for life. A toss up between them.

Official.

SCALE OF DEPRECIATION OF CONFEDERATE CURRENCY *the Gold dollar being the unit and measure of value from Nov. 1st. 1861 to May 1st. 1865*

MONTHS.	1861.	1862	1863	1864.	1865
January	.....	$1 20	$ 3 00	$21 00	$50 00
February	.....	1 30	3 00	21 00	50 00
March	.....	1 50	4 00	23 00	60 00
April	.....	1 50	5 00	20 00	100 00
May	.....	1 50	5 50	19 00	.....
June	.....	1 50	6 50	18 00	.....
July	.....	1 50	9 00	21 00	.....
August	.....	1 50	14 00	13 00	.....
September	.....	2 00	14 00	25 00	.....
October	.....	2 00	14 00	26 00	.....
November	$1 10	2 50	15 00	30 00	.....
December	1 15	2 50	20 00	.....	.....
Dec. 1 to 10, inclusive	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....
" 10 to 20, "	.....	.....	.....	42 00	.....
" 20 to 31, "	.....	.....	.....	49 00	.....

Debt of Nations

COUNTRIES.	NATIONAL DEBT.	POPULATION
United Kingdom	£790,000,000	29,000,000
Netherlands,	80,000,000	3,000,000
Hamburg,	4,600,000	222,000
France,	400,000,000	36,500,000
Portugal,	30,000,000	4,000,000
Spain	107,000,000	16,000,000
Austria	224,000,000	35,000,000
Belgium,	26,000,000	4,520,000
Bavaria,	26,000,000	4,600,000
Hanover,	7,000,000	1,800,000
Brunswick,	1,500,000	273,000
Saxony,	3,500,000	2,100,000
Denmark,	12,000,000	2,600,000
Greece	4,000,000	1,070,000
Russia,	231,000,000	75,000,000
Prussia,	42,000,000	18,000,000
Wurtemburg,	5,000,000	1,700,000
Oldenburg,	600,000	294,000
Brazil,	15,500,000	7,700,000
Chili	1,000,000	1,400,000
Norway,	1,500,000	1,500,000
Sweden,	1,700,000	3,700,000

MARRIED.

In Hertford, on Thursday evening, the 19th. inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. James O. Moss, DR. DAVID COX, to MISS SALLIE WHITE, daughter of Thomas H White, deceased, all of Perquimans County.

On the 19th. instant, at the residence of the bride's father in the county of Halifax, N. C. by the Rev. Thomas R. Owen, Mr. S. B. BRADLEY, to Miss REBECCA BASS, daughter of Turner Bass, Esq

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VALUABLE TOWN LOT IN RALEIGH FOR SALE AT AUCTION!

ON Friday May 4th, 1866. I will offer for sale, at auction, that valuable lot owned by me on the burnt square, Fayetteville Street, and known in the plan of the City as No. 114.

The auction will take place on the spot, at which time terms will be made known.

SAML ROWLAND.

April 26-td

JUST ARRIVED AT TUCKERS'

300 Yds. English & American Prints,
1000 " Fancy French, do
500 " Double purple do
500 " Plack & White do

NEW STYLE BLACK SILK WRAPPINGS,

Extra Long & Large Trail Hoops,

—ALSO—

4-4 6-4 8-4 & 10-4 Black Grenadines,

Fine Lot, Full and Second Mourning

DRESS GOODS.

1 Case Fine Family Linens.

4-4 Bleached Domestics at 25cts.

FANS FANS FANS!

From 10cts. to $1 50.

Daily acquisitions to our stock.

Remember, TUCKER'S. is the place to buy your goods

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

April 26.

$100 REWARD.

STOLEN, from my stables, near Warsaw, Duplin Co., one LIGHT BAY MARE MULE, about 12 years old; heavy set, with a small white spot on her back from saddle; 14 hands high; and ONE DARK BAY HORSE, heavy set, crooked back, white hind feet and a blaze in his face; about nine years old.

I will give fifty dollars for information, so I get the mule and horse; and fifty dollars for evidence to convict the thief.

N. O FREDERICK,
Wilmington, N. C.

April 25-1w*

Standard copy 3 times and charge this office.

PEACE INSTITUTE!

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Peace Institute at the office of Dr. W. B. Miller, above Creech's Store, on Wednesday, May 2nd., at 4 o'clock P. M.

Those who cannot attend are requested to be represented by proxy

April 24 1w

N. C. Presbyterian copy once and forward bill.

DAVID BARROW,

WITH

ZINN, DORRANCE & CO.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Nos. 80 & 82 Leonard Street,

(West of Broadway,)

NEW YORK.

Feb 19, 1867, 3ms

MAGGIEL'S CHILLS AND FEVER PILLS!

Maggiel's Fever and Ague Pills!!

MAGGIEL'S FEVER AND AGUE

PILLS!!

THESE famous remedies, known throughout the great West of the United States for their extraordinary cures of

CHILLS, FEVER AND AGUE

are now thoroughly introduced in the State of North Carolina, and can be obtained of all enterprising, first class druggists.

They act as a tonic to all debilitated systems, taken in doses of

One Pill Three Times A Day.

before meals, and should be found in every family residing in miasmatic districts.

To any skeptic or one who does not believe in these marvellous preparations,

A Box Will be sent Free

If he is not cured with one and not more than two boxes, no charge will be made. The price of the Pills is high—say

$2 PER BOX:

but as they are a perfect cure without trouble or inconvenience, the charge is reasonable enough.

Address J. MAGGIEL, M. D., 43 Fulton St.,
New York.

CAUTION,

Watch narrowly and guard yourselves vigilantly against counterfeits. I have just suppressed a notorious counterfeit in Wisconsin, after much trouble and expense. Purchase of only first class druggists and never of peddlers or traveling dealers.

April 21-4m

THE SENTINEL.

Thursday, April 26, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

[Reported expressly for the Sentinel.]

Trial of Major Jno. H. Gee.

SYNOPSIS OF TESTIMONY.

THIRTY-FIFTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, April 25, 1866.

Edward O. Yellowley, sworn: Lives in Pitt County, N. C. Was Lt.-Col. 68th N. C. Regiment; was in command of the troops at Salisbury, for eight or ten days, until relieved by Col. Hoke. These were State troops. A small portion of the stockade was put up after I arrived: no platforms when I got there. The fence was made of planks, 8 or 10 feet high, placed perpendicularly and close together, nailed to cross pieces. I did not consider it very substantial. A few men might have knocked through it. I think eight or ten men might have pushed down any portion by their weight. My impression is, that the planks were nailed on the outside; that the posts and scantling showed on the inside. I never examined it thoroughly; it looked like an old well.

I issued an order to post sentinels outside the wall. [The witness pointed out on map the position of his regiment and the other commands.] One morning, it was reported to me that two men escaped after the outside line had been posted, and on another occasion three prisoners got out through the ditch that ran from the sinks through the field—these last were taken. The two who escaped were fired at by a sentinel, but ran away. After a rain, a man could dig under the wall without much difficulty.

I went to Salisbury about the 10th of October, and on 2nd of November, got a thirty days' sick leave. When I returned, the regiment was encamped in the woods, on the other side of the creek. Major Gee wanted to have a company encamped opposite the water-gate. I declined to do it.

My officer told me that he made the three prisoners who escaped return through the outlet. He did not report it to Major Gee.

It was a difficult matter to get wood hauled to our camp. We had wagons belonging to the command which reached us about 10 days after we went there, but at first the Quartermaster of my regiment complained. I heard Capt. Goodman frequently complain. His best teams had been taken away from him.

I heard that a soldier of my command shot Lieut. Davis. Maj. Gee had no power to furlough him. He could be only furloughed in the usual way. I was in command of the regiment at that time; no such furlough went through me. If he had been furloughed I should remember it. I had my information of the shooting from several officers, and either went to see or sent for the officer of the day at the time of the occurrence, who belonged to my regiment. His statement corroborated what I had heard, that this sentinel had shot a prisoner that had crossed the dead line. I think the officer of the day was Capt. C. W. Grandy. There was a necessity for the dead line. It was important that the prisoners should not get near the wall.

Maj. Gee represented to me that he had men digging wells night and day. He had the idea of enlarging the prison, to the creek. I heard a conversation between him and Gen. Martin about directing the creek so as to have a stream of water run through the prison. I afterwards thought it could not be done. It would have taken a considerable outlay and length of time. Prisoners of war were allowed to go to the creek for water—about one-fourth of a mile. They were strung along the whole road going and returning, from 30 to 40 going constant. I never passed that way without seeing them. I have seen them washing in the creek; the guard did not seem to hurry them.

Our rations were not abundant or choice.—When we first arrived there we got fresh beef for a week or ten days—afterwards, on only every other drawing day—alternated with sorghum. Very often I had only sorghum and flour. I had an abundance of it—a very little of it was abundance. Major Myers visited me and apologized for the provisions and at the same time said he would not be able to give us fresh beef much longer. He had a large supply, but had sent it off to Lee's army before the arrival of the prisoners, and that he had but short notice of their arriving, and was unable to get supplies for them.

I was able to purchase bacon for my mess from the commissary. We were authorized by law to draw one ration and purchase one.

On one occasion I enquired of Major Gee about the number of prisoners, and he told me that he had requested that no more should be sent, that it was against his wishes they continued to arrive.

I heard him speak of Maj. Morfit's inefficiency. Gee stated that Morfit was sent there as prison quartermaster, and that it was his duty to have shelter built and to procure water for the prisoners—that he could not get him to do anything. Maj. Gee had no power to arrest Morfit, or control over him. I think either Maj. Gee or Capt. Goodman told me he had made a requisition for 200,000 feet of lumber for shelter. I wanted some for myself and went to see Goodman, and he told me that he had only one mill that he could run, and then the timber had to be cut and hauled before it could be sawed. The duty of the guard was pretty heavy.

Maj. Gee spoke of shelter and the small space for ground for the prison—he was especially solicitous in regard to water.

Cross-Examined.—I was in command of troops for about 8 days in the early part of October.—I had no authority over the prison or Major Gee. My duty was to grant him such details as he might make—no authority to refuse him troops. The guard around outside was an additional one to that which Gee called for.—When I was in command of the troops, if the prisoners had suffered for water, and Maj. Gee had made requisition for a stronger guard, I could have granted a small one. There were 1300 or 1400 altogether. When I first went there he asked for 150 a day; afterwards from 250 to 300—cant say exactly. There were some 4000 or 5000 prisoners there when I first went to Salisbury.

I know of no other efforts of Maj. Gee apart from what he said in these conversations. The rations issued to my men were the same in quantity and quality as those issued to me. I remember asking the question, whether the prisoners received the same rations, and his reply was that they did. It was enough to get along on. We always received plenty of bread. On one or two occasions, I went up on the platform and looked into the prison. I saw a good deal of emaciation, some looked very dejected, some cheerful.

My command had tent flies. Colonel Hoke's regiment built quarters. I think there could not have been a force detailed to guard the prisoners. I think the guard was too weak for the number of prisoners there. I saw Hoke's command carry the lumber on their shoulders. They rived the boards at their quarters.

Q. If there had been 10,000 rebel convicts in that prison, would they have suffered as those prisoners did?

A. I don't see what there was to prevent it. The lumber that Hoke's regiment used would not have built the stockade.

Col. Hoke's command came by squads, and were organized at Salisbury.

Q. Was there any excuse for not allowing prisoners to go and get as much water as they wanted at the creek?

A. There was not enough guard.

The man who shot Lieut. Davis could have received a furlough, upon Maj. Gee's recommendation, without going through my hands, I don't know that he did not recommend it; think I would have known, if he had.

The man who did this shooting was removed from his post.

Re-Direct.—From the report made to me there was no ground for punishing him. The guard, as I understood it, warned the prisoner and he rejected the warning and was shot. It was Maj. Gee's duty to investigate it.

To the Court.—The man who shot Davis was small,—about 17 years old,—thin, and had a silent look,—rather undersized,—was never reported to me as unfit for duty as sentinel, because of any mental disability.

Before I went home on furlough there was no shelter for the prisoners, but they had tents afterwards.

Of a large ratio of the dead I should have regarded confinement and want of exercise and shelter as the causes.

The size of the stockade was limited. I don't know why it was not enlarged. The deficiency in procuring timber and the scarcity of the guards were good reasons against its being enlarged.

Court adjourned until 10 A. M., to-day.

GENERALS STEDMAN AND FULLERTON.—We noticed, on yesterday, the arrival of these gentlemen in this city, on the mission upon which they were sent by the President, viz: To investigate the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau and report upon the social status of the Southern States. They have been doubtless called upon by many of our citizens, who are competent to give them correct and unperverted information as to the true state of affairs in our midst.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who accompanied these distinguished officers in their tour through Virginia, describes the result of their observations as having shown conclusively that the representations of radical leaders and papers, showing antagonism between the races and outrages upon the weaker one, are exaggerations of individual cases, and wholly inapplicable to the people generally. The correspondent was strongly impressed before his visit with the idea that the antagonism between the races was bitter and relentless, and has been astonished to find its entire absence. He represents the reliance, respect and dependence of the days of slavery as still existing, and pictures the native Virginians as the friends and tutors of their former slaves.

IREDELL SUPERIOR COURT.—This Court was held last week. The criminal docket was not large. Ex-Gov. Vance was in attendance, and, the *American* says, is obtaining an extensive practice at the bar.

NEWBERN AFFAIRS.—The *Commercial* chronicles the arrival, by steamer El. Cid, of a large number of white emigrants, farm hands and house servants, intended for planters in the vicinity and citizens of the city, furnished by Messrs. Nash & Graham.

The *Times* announces no less than five robberies within less than the same number of days. It says there is no doubt but that there is an organized band of thieves in the community.

GEN. R. E. LEE.—It is rumored that this distinguished gentleman will attend the ensuing Commencement, in June, of the University of N. C.

ATLANTIC & N. C. R. R.—We suggested, a few days since, the propriety of the various Railroad Companies exhibiting to the public their most liberal tariff of freights, &c.

Mr. Thomas, the President of the Atlantic & N. C. R. R., accordingly publishes the following information:

OFFICE ATLANTIC & N. C. R. R. Co.,
Newbern, N. C., April 21, 1866.

The Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company are now prepared to carry as cheaply and with as economical dispatch, as any other Railroad Company that has felt the effects of the late war. Their road, since its delivery to them on the 26th of October last, has been put in good order—the rolling stock has been overhauled and repaired, new rolling stock has been purchased, and the machine shops and station houses, &c., have all undergone re fitting or repair. The track from Morehead City to Goldsboro' is in good running order.

The Company have competent and trust worthy agents and employees, willing to work.

The rates of freight, local rates and through rates with the N. C. R. R. Co., and steamer line from Morehead City and Newbern, to New York, have been reduced.

Present cotton rate from Charlotte to New York, is seven dollars per bale.

Freights outward may be pre-paid, or paid in New York.

Freights onward should be paid to the Company's agent, or on delivery by connecting road.

Goods consigned to Company's agent, either at Morehead City or Newbern, will be forwarded free of extra charges by way of commission, drayage or wharfage.

Marine insurance can be effected at ¼ per centum by steamer line.

An arrangement for "through cars" was sometime since agreed upon with North Carolina Railroad Company, and the same will be carried out as far as separate corporations can do so.

Special contracts of affreightment may be made by order of the Board of Directors with the President, and, whilst I depreciate an underbidding or illiberal policy in railroading, I will make special contracts to carry all goods at least on as good terms and conditions as can be made with any other competing line of railroad.

C. R. THOMAS,
President A. & N. C. R. R.

CORN! CORN!!

5000 Bushels prime White Corn in Store, and for sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179-tf Wilmington N. C.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

700 Bbls. Fine, Super and Family, now landing and daily expecting. For sale by
A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179-tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Remarkable Case.

DISEASE IN WHICH THE LUNGS AND THROAT ARE INVOLVED.—Mrs. Phebe Perkinson, Petersburg, Va., (Aug. 26, 1865,) says: "I hereby certify, that two years ago last June, I was afflicted with a disease commonly called the Breast Complaint, the pain and weakness in the breast continued to increase so that I could not bear my clothes fastened on me for the space of two years; I found great difficulty in breathing; a general debility prevailed over my whole system—so much so, that I could not walk up the steps without drawing myself up by the banister; had a continued hacking cough, which distressed me greatly, four times during my illness had Hemorrhage of the Lungs. All medical treatment failed to afford me relief; it was the opinion of my friends that I must die with the consumption; I was advised to use the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS, after using three boxes, strictly according to directions, I find myself in *the enjoyment of perfect health*; I have a good appetite, have become as fleshy as I ever was, sleep sound and pleasant, and can perform any duty with as much strength and vigor as I ever did. They certainly have acted like a perfect charm on me."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompany each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 per dozen. Address
GEORGE W. DEEMS & CO.,
April 3, 199, 1m Baltimore, Md.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	15
" Lexington at Graham	15
" Roxborough	25
" Wadesborough	10
" Thomasville	15
" Wilmington	10
" Commerce	10
" Washington	5
" Fayetteville	7
" Clarendon	5
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planters' Banks	15
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	15
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	10
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	25
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	129
Silver	118
Old Coupons	46
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	75
Old Sixes	81
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	12
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	5
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	10
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	15
" Wadesboro	10
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Wilmington	10
Farmers' Greensboro	15
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	15
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	13
Georgia "	10
Gold	123
Silver	118
Old North Carolina Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	80
Exchange on New York	¼

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE!

DR. MAGGIEL is the founder of a new Medical System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the so called remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box fail taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant! There is no griping, and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that **Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhea Pills** cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Cuts and all abrasions of the skin **Maggiel's Salve** is infallible. Sold by J. Maggiel, 4 Fulton Street, New York, and all Druggists, at 25 cts. per box. Sold by all Druggists in Raleigh.
April 19 tf

TAX LIST!

I will attend at the Court Houses, in Raleigh, on Wednesday the 9th, Tuesday 29th, Friday 31st, Saturday 22d of April to take the list of taxables for Raleigh District, under the State revenue law.

Punctual attendance is expected.

J. J. PULLEN.
April 11 216 td

BALTIMORE AND WILMINGTON STEAMSHIP LINE!!

Weekly Line of Steamers to Baltimore!!
CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS TO
LIVERPOOL,
BOSTON,
NORFOLK,
RICHMOND, &c.

The A 1 Steamships
ELLIE KNIGHT!
AND
JAMES A. GARY!

These Steamers will Leave Wilmington and Baltimore alternately every SATURDAY, thus forming a regular WEEKLY LINE.

Goods forwarded from Baltimore without extra charge.

For freight or passage, having superior State room accommodations, apply to
ATKINSON & SHEPPERSON,
11 North Water Street,
Wilmington, April 23-1m

VALUABLE ENFIELD PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 19th May next, that valuable property belonging to the late firm of Bell, Maner & Co. The lot will be divided into two, one of which has that large and commodious Store and Ware House. The other lot has no improvement, but is most eligibly situated for building purposes. Each lot will be sold separately.

Further particulars and terms made known on the day of sale.

JNO. P. McAULIFFE,
Agent of Bell, Maner & Co.
Enfield, N. C. April 23rd.

SODA WATER!

SODA WATER!!

SODA WATER!!!

COOL, SPARKLING SODA WATER.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON!

At the Fountains of
A. R. RAVEN & CO.
Hillsboro' Street,
One door west Exchange Hotel.
April 14-200-tf

NO. 1 LEAF LARD!

2000 pounds N. C. Leaf Lard.
In Store and for Sale by
DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf

NORTH CAROLINA BACON!

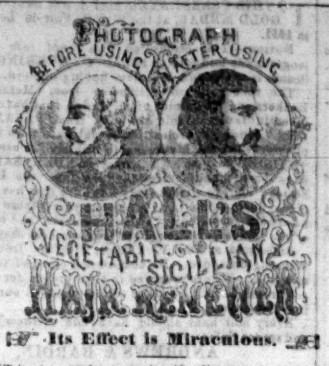
15,000 lbs., on hand, for sale by
DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17 tf

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!!

One HUNDRED BARRELS of good Flour in store
DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17 tf

MOLASSES!!

We HAVE ON hand 300 gallons of No. 1 SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.
DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf



Its Effect is Miraculous.

IT is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the *vegetable kingdom*.

We have such confidence in its merits, and are so sure it will do all we claim for it, that we offer

$1,000 REWARD

if the **Sicilian Hair Renewer** does not give satisfaction in all cases when used in strict accordance with our instructions.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

It is not a Dye, it strikes at the roots and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter.

It will restore Gray Hair to its original Color.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the Hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid Hair-Dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

It is recommended and used by the **first Medical authority.**

☞ Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and take no other

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors,
Nashua, N. H.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. Williams & Haywood and P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb. 16-16-eod & w12m.

A BOON TO THE SICK AND THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE.

These Life-giving remedies are now given publicly to the world. For over a quarter of a century of private practice the ingredients in these

LIFE-GIVING PILLS!

Have been used with the greatest success. Their mission is not only to prevent disease, but to cure. They search out the various maladies by which the patient is suffering, and re-invigorate the failing system. To the aged and infirm a few doses of these valuable PILLS will prove to be

A VERY FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH,

For in every case they add new life and vitality, and restore the waning energies to their pristine state.—To the young and middle-aged they will prove most invaluable, as a ready, specific and sterling medicine. Here is a dream realized, that Ponce-de-Leon sought for three hundred years ago, and never found. He looked for a fountain that would restore the old to vigor and make youth ever

An Eternal Spring!

It was left for this day and hour to realize the dream, and show in one glorious fact, that magic that made it fair.

THESE FAMOUS REMEDIES

Cannot stay the flight of years, but they can force back, and hold aloof, diseases that might triumph over the aged and the young. Let none hesitate then, but seize the favorable opportunity the offers. When taken as prescribed—

FOR BILLIOUS DISORDERS

Nothing can be more productive of cure than these Pills. Their almost magic influence is felt at once; and the usual concomitants of this most distressing disease are removed. These remedies are made from the purest

VEGETABLE COMPOUNDS.

They will not harm the most delicate female, and can be given with good effect in prescribed doses to the youngest babe.

FOR CUTANEOUS DISORDERS

And all eruptions of the skin, the SALVE is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil!

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS.

Invariably cure the following Diseases.

Asthma,
Bowel Complaints,
Coughs,
Colds,
Chest Diseases,
Costiveness,
Dyspepsia,
Diarrhœa,
Dropsy,
Debility,
Female Complaints, Fever and Ague
Headache,
Indigestion,
Influenza,
Inflammation,
Inward weakness,
Liver Complaint,
Lowness of Spirits,
Ringworm,
Rheumatism,
Salt Rheum,
Scalds,
Skin Diseases.

☞ Notice.—None genuine without the engraved trade mark around each pot or box, signed by DR J. MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton st., New York, to counterfeit which is felony.

☞ Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and Canada—at 25 cents per box or pot.
April 19 tf

TO THE TRADE.

150 Doz.	Pocket Knives all sizes and prices,
50 "	Knives and Forks,
50 "	Hand Saw Files,
20 "	Mill " "
70 "	Pad Locks,
20 "	Stock "
10 "	Whittemore No. 10 A Cards,
10 "	Scythe Blades
5 "	Grass "
10 "	Sifters,
5 "	Coffee Mills,
18 "	Brooms,
10 "	Spades,
5 "	Long Handle Shovels,
5 "	" " Forks,
200 Kegs	"Parker Mills" Cut nails from 3's to 20's,
25 Coils	Baling Rope,
50 Kegs	Mule Shoes,
20 "	Horse "
200 Lbs.	Horse Shoe Nails,
1000 "	Bar Iron assorted sizes,
300 "	Bagging Twine,
200 "	Lute Wraping Twine,
50	Grindstones weighing from 80 to 2000 lbs.

In store and will be sold low.
April 16 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

GIN, RUM AND WHISKEY.

2 Doz.	Holland Gin by the case or bottle
2 "	Clover Leaf " " "
3 "	Jamaica Rum " " "
2 "	Old Monongahela Whisky "

These Liquors are pure and of the very best quality.
April 16-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

LIME AND SALT.

100 Bbls. Rockland Lime,
50 Sacks Fine Salt,
25 " Ground Alum Salt.
All in good order.
April 16 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BACON AND LARD.

2000 Lbs Bright Bacon Sides,
1500 " Prime white N. C. Lard, in Kegs and Barrels
Rec'd this day at
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

CORN AND HAY.

1000 Bushels Roanoke Corn,
50 Bales best Timothy Hay.
Arriving daily
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR.

30 Bbls. "Hawkins Mills,"
20 " "St. Leons"
Best in the market at
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

YARNS AND SHEETINGS.

20 Bales Cotton Yarns,
5 " 44 Brown Sheetings.
Which we will sell low to close consignment.
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

1 New Iron Axle Wagon, New York make, 2 horse
2 New Iron Axle Dump Carts,
2 New Iron Axle Push Carts,
15 Wheelbarrows,
10 Store or Warehouse Trucks.

All of the above are of the very best quality, and will be sold at a small advance on New York cost.

In addition to the above we keep all kinds of Plows and Plow Castings, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Axles, &c.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 181, 166, tf

PRUSSIAN BLUE.

50 Cans 100 lbs Prussian Blue.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 1.171, tf

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON
WEEKLY LINE OF
FIRST CLASS STEAMSHIPS.



Starlight, Capt. Pedrick,
Washington, Capt. Chichester,
Rebecca Clyde, Capt. Young.

Passage, having superior Accommodations, $25.

This route offers greater inducements than any other in the State. One of the above Steamers will always be up in New York and sail weekly, or oftener, if loaded.

Freight consigned to the Agent of the Steamers or to C. C. Dudley, Agent Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, will be forwarded promptly, and expense collected at point of destination, free of commission and all extra charges.

AGENTS IN NEW YORK.

ARTHUR LEARY, 73 William St.,
JAMES HAND, 117 Wall St.,
HORACE M. BARRY, Agt.,
Wilmington N. C.

The WILMINGTON & WELDON RAIL ROAD having largely increased their rolling stock, are now prepared to move freight promptly from all points and will give preference to through Steamer freight over all other. Two daily trains are now running and freight per Steamer will always go forward, on day of arrival.

In order to save expense and insure prompt dispatch order goods to New York shipped by regular Express line foot of Wall St.,
April 5-301 1m

CLEANSE THE BLOOD.



With corrupt, disordered or vitiated Blood, you are sick all over. It may burst out in Pimples, or Sores or in some active disease, or it may merely keep you listless, depressed and good for nothing. But you cannot have good health while your blood is impure. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA purges out these impurities and stimulates the organs into vigorous action, restoring the health and curing disease. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as Scrofula, or Kings' Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Cancerous Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, such as Retention, Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, also Syphilis or Venereal Diseases, Liver Complaints, and Heart Diseases. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and see for yourself the surprising activity with which it cleanses the blood and cures these disorders.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract or Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself has become a synonym as with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound "Sarsaparilla," and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We can only assure the sick, that we offer them the best alterative which we know how to produce, and we have reason to believe it is by far the most effectual purifier of the blood yet discovered by any body.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so universally known to surpass every other remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease, that it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world knows them.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by
Williams & Haywood, P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and Dealers generally.
April 3, 199, 2m

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. P. CARRAWAY

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

22 *Pollock Street*, *Newbern*, *N. C.*
Water Street, *Wilmington*, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of
Farmers',
Millers,
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,
AND OTHER
Hardware
Agricultural Implements.
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.
and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of
Machinery or Castings
Agents for
R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire
and Burglar Proof Safes,
which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.
Jan. 30, 145, tf.

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Groceries and General Merchandize,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 30 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO
Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Turner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127. 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of
Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowley, Corners & Co, New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of
GROCERIES,
kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one-quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,
for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C
January 26, 142, 6m.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. CO.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., April 19 1866.

Trains run as follows:

Passenger Trains	Leave Raleigh	4 30 A. M.
" "	Arrive at Weldon,	11 00 "
" "	Leave Weldon	1.30 P. M.
" "	Arrive at Raleigh	8.30 P. M.

Freight & Accommodation Trains Leave Raleigh, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at, 7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon, 5.00 P. M.
Leave Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5.00 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh 4 00 P. M.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
April 23 tf Genl. Supt.
Standard and Progress copy till forbid.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE FOR SALE.

We will sell at a very low figure a newspaper office for a weekly paper 24x36. The press and material are new, having been used in all only about sixty days.

Address HEARNE & DUNHAM,
Editors North Carolinian,
April 24-d&w2w Wilson N. C.

B. W. CONANT, J. B. HUNTER,
Portsmouth, Va., Granville Co., N. C.

E. R. HUNTER,
WITH
CONANT & HUNTER,
General Commission Merchants
No. 56 High st., Portsmouth, Va.,

We are located at the terminus of the Seaboard & Roanoke, R. R., where we are at all times in readiness to receive consignments of Produce, Merchandize &c., fill orders and forward goods.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Charges moderate.

Direct shipments made to Liverpool or any European port.

REFER TO: R. W. Leasiter, President R. & G. R. R. Co., Albert Johnson, Supt. R. & G. R. Co., and W. E. Pell, Editor Sentinel.
April 24 3m

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,
AGENTS FOR
"STEWART'S EXTENSION TOP,"
"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,"
AND
"Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.
J. BROWN.
April 9-204-3m With HART & LEWIS.

PETER MALLETT. CHARLES HOFFMAN.

MALLETT & HOFFMAN,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No. 23 N. Water St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
April 3-199-6m

A LARGE LOT OF OLD
NICK WILLIAMS WHISKEY.
In ten and five gallon kegs, just received.
ALSO
Several barrels and ten and five gallon kegs of BITTING'S Yadkin County Whiskey. We have also on hand Conrad's Corn Whiskey, and Apple and Peach Brandy.
April 14-tf COOPER & MOORE.

A CARD

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store

J. BROWN.

No. 44. FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SPRING TRADE 1866.

LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK

OF

Miscellaneous Hardware.

WOOD WARE.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
HOLLOW WARE,
TIN WARE,
SWEDES & AMERICAN IRON,
STEEL,

A COMMANDING STOCK OF BUGGY MATERIALS.

LAMPS, LANTERNS,
LAMP WICKS & CHIMNEYS,
KEROSENE OIL,
WHITE LEAD & OTHER PAINTS,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL,
WINDOW GLASS FROM 8 x 10 to 30 x 36,
PUTTY,
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF BUILDERS MATERIALS,
LOCKS & NAILS,
FAMILY GROCERIES, &
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
TWENTY COOKING STOVES OF VARIOUS APPROVED PATTERNS,
PLATED KNIVES,
FORKS,
TEA & DINNER SPOONS,

Call and examine our stock.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, April 9-204-3m

SPRING GOODS

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.

Would respectfully call attention to their **New Stock of**

Spring And Summer.

DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats.
Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals,
White Goods, Hoop Skirts,
Hosiery, Insertings,
Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Boots, Shoes and Hats,
JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS,
Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 30-187-tf

HAVENS & LATHAM,

SOUTH EAST CORNER OF CRAVEN AND SOUTH FRONT STREETS,
NEWBERN, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of

COTTON YARN,
DRIED FRUIT, &c.,

and will give particular attention to the purchasing and shipping all kinds of GRAIN. Orders from the West will receive their prompt attention.

Refer to:

MITCHELL & ALLEN,
Newbern, N. C.
W. B. GULICK,
PULASKI COWPER,
R. S. TUCKER,
Raleigh, N. C.
D. W. C. BENBOW,
JNO. SLOAN,
Greensboro, N. C.
HENRY TATE,
Charlotte N. C.
BROWN & MOTT,
Salisbury, N. C.
F. D. STOCKTON,
Statesville, N. C.

Newbern, March 30-196-1m.

NEW GOODS.

LOW PRICES.

BOUGHT SINCE THE DECLINE.

THERE IS NOT A MORE DESIRABLE STOCK OF NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Comprising a general assortment, than those we have just purchased in the Northern Cities, and now offer to our customers and the public. None can undersell us and *live* by selling goods.

It is gratifying to know that our taste and judgment, in selecting goods, are appreciated, as shown not only by *expression*, that our goods are not surpassed in style and beauty, but by the way we sell them.

We would call attention to our

FAMILY GROCERIES.

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, &c.,

TRY OUR TEA—it is good.

L. E. HEARTT,
Raleigh April 7-203-2w Agent.

UNDERTAKER.

AND

CABINET MAKER.

The undersigned, thankful for the patronage already received from the people of Raleigh and its vicinity, begs leave to inform his customers and the public, that he has removed his business to the shop lately occupied by Mr. John Myatt, near the Masonic Lodge, where he will promptly attend to all business in his line.

N. B. He desires also to sell his shop, with a quarter of an acre of land attached, which he lately occupied on Blount Street.

HENRY J. BROWN.

April 14, 2w.

FOR SALE.

A RESIDENCE IN CHAPEL HILL.

It is a very handsome place in the Western part of the village. The dwelling house was built, a few years ago, by Mrs. M. C South-wood, its former owner and is large and roomy, having eight rooms and a passage. Appurtenant are all the necessary out buildings, and five acres of land.

The property will be sold cheap and the terms made accommodating.

Those wishing to purchase, can apply to KEMP P. BATTLE, Esq., at Raleigh, he being my agent for the sale.

April 5-201-2w Wilmington N. C.

Standard copy two weeks.

REMOVAL!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

SPLENDID LIGHT!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AND THE

Lowest prices are the Great Inducements

For Buying your

DRY GOODS,

AT

THOMAS SMITH'S NEW STORE,

25 Sycamore Street.

1866. SPRING TRADE. 1866.

IN OPENING THE

SPRING TRADE,

I would return my most grateful thanks to the citizens of Petersburg and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage extended the past season, and hope to merit its further continuance by holding out still further inducements.

My present facilities are beyond doubt unequalled, and no effort will be spared to place before our patrons Goods

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

that the present market value will admit of, and in many instances much below, as we are constantly represented at the large auction sales, where goods are frequently sold much less than cost of importation. These, with

Many Other Available Facilities,

I pledge myself to use to the best interest of our customers.

The stock is now much larger and better assorted than at any time previous, having added a complete assortment of

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Among them the most elegant

Satin Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Wine Cloths,
Piano and Table Covers,
Stair Linen,
Linen Druggets,
Table Linen,
Napkins, Doilies,
Towels, Crash

—ALSO—

WHITE GOODS,

Of which I have always kept a good stock, is now replete with everything the market affords. Besides, a very handsome stock of

Needlework,
Edgings, Insertings,
Laces and Embroideries.

THE STOCK OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Must be seen to be appreciated, I therefore invite all to an inspection, and in catering so well for the ladies, I would assure the gentlemen they have not been forgotten. The assortment of

Cloths,
Cassimeres,
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Generally,

Is complete, and it is hoped those in want of goods of this class will not fail to give us a call.

To the Merchants of

Virginia and North Carolina,

who have so liberally patronized us the past season, I return my most grateful thanks, and solicit an early call, assuring them they will find our goods at as low prices as any house North or South.

THOMAS SMITH,
25 Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.

I have secured the Agency for the States of Virginia and North Carolina, for the sale of the

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

It is undoubtedly the best Family Sewing Machine in existence.

Read the following recommendations:

1st.

Its Simplicity and Great Range of Work.

2nd.

Its making four different Stitches, viz: Lock, Knot Double Lock, Double Knot.

3rd.

The Reverse Feed Motion, operated by simply turning a thumb screw, enabling the operator to run the work to the right or to the left, and convenience of self-fastening the ends of seams.

4th.

The Perfect Finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made.

5th.

The Rapidity of its Working, and the quality of the work done.

6th.

Its Self-Adjusting Tension.

It makes the

Celebrated Elastic Stitch.

BUY THE BEST!

LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!!

IT MAKES

NO NOISE

WHILE RUNNING

☞ One thing is settled beyond a doubt: persons wanting **Sewing Machines**, no longer hesitate which to buy. The **FLORENCE** leads the world It needs only to be seen to be appreciated

AGENTS WANTED,

In every town in Virgina and North Carolina
March 174, tf

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL.

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
in
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
of
Every Description.
115 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBUBG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms Feb 17, 161, 3m

---

WATSON'S GALLERY!

PHOTOGRAPHS—THE ART CONTINUES TO IMPROVE.

I HAVE the pleasure to announce to the citizens of Raleigh, and North Carolina, that, in addition to the many beautiful styles of Photographs, that I am now making that most beautiful of all pictures,

PORCELAIN,

or Albatype. They are as fine as ivory paintings.—Call and examine specimens.

J. W. WATSON,
Raleigh, April 5-201-tf

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the 'Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-10-tf.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,
By Saving and Using your Waste Grease.

BUY ONE BOX OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER,

Or, CONCENTRATED LYE.

IT will make 10 pounds of excellent Hard Soap, or 25 gallons of the very best Soft Soap, for only about 35 cents. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery stores, and in lots at wholesale by

WM. M. ELLICOTT & SONS,
No. 3 Spear's Wharf,
Feb 28, 170, 3m Baltimore, Md.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000, or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8 819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527,805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh, a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to-day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro,
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte,
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro,
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern,
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington

Jan. 27, 142, 3m.

JONES' HAIR RESTORER.

FOR

Preserving, Beautifying and Preventing The Hair from Falling off.

Made and sold by JOHN A JONES,
Barber and Practical Hair Dresser.
March 23, 190, 1m Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

10,000lbs. Old Steel in lots to suit farmers for plantation work, as cheap or cheaper than Iron and much better. Apply to

J. C. R. LITTLE, Store Keeper.
ALBERT JOHNSON,
Raleigh, April 9 tf Gen'l Sup't R. & G R. R. Co
Standard and Progress copy tf

IMPORTANT SANITARY NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, April 18, 1866

The attention of the citizens of Raleigh is respectfully called to the following ordinance:

Be it ordained by the commissioners of the city of Raleigh:

That it shall be the duty of the city constables, under the direction of the mayor, to investigate the condition of the privies, back-yards and other places in the city where filth may exist and notify the owner or tenant of the grounds where the same may be, to cleanse the same and remove said filth, and if within five days after such notification such cleaning and removal shall not be made, the persons in default shall be fined ten dollars, and five dollars additional for each day thereafter during which such nuisance may continue.

By order of the board, WM. H. HARRISON,
April 20 5t Mayor.

Fresh Best Carolina Rice.

30 CASKS prime quality, just received ex-Schooner C. E. Page from Charleston for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
March 13, 181,

E. H. POGUE,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
TIN WARE,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or address E. H. POGUE,
Feb 22, 165, 3ms. Hillsboro, N. C.

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,512,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO. C. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 22-90-tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12 82-tf.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall.
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden.
W B Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Lousiana

CAPITAL, - - - $565.000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

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Raleigh, Nov. 8 74 tf

SALISBURY BRASS BAND

REORGANIZED 1st January, 1866, on a larger scale than formerly, under the direction of its former tutor, W. H. NEAVE, who was also chief music writer and Band Teacher in Gen. Lee's army. He will be assisted in leadship and direction by his brother, Ed. Neave, leader during the entire late war of Gen. Lee's best and most favorite band, viz: 4th N. C. The Band is composed of the best members of the old Band, together with the best members of several of the fine Bands trained by W. H. Neave, in camps, who have moved to Salisbury from all points in the State to follow their respective vocations and continue the study and practice of music. This Band will be a permanent institution for all State and festive occasions, and will equal the best to be found in the world, if sustained by those desiring a fine order of Brass and String music; if not, it must go down after this year.

W. H. Neave is also agent for the celebrated Dodworth Brass instruments, proved and warranted to him, and by him to others; also, the most pleasing, effective and popular Piano music, selected by his friends, H. B. Dodworth and Kent Botsford, New York. For beginners, medium players, and advanced musicians, no trash for either.

Music composed and arranged to order for Parlor, Orchestral and Brass Band use for any kind and number of instruments.

Salisbury has been selected for Musical Headquarters for its central position.

N. B. Mere letters of enquiry for musical information, but with no view to business with Mr. Neave or Band, must contain two postage stamps.

March 15. 183, tf

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Sep. 6, 1865-28-tf.

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Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
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Nov. 9-79-6m.

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NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

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We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi-Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

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JOHN D. WHITFORD,
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November 29, 1865 96 6ms

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November 29 96-1y

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March 31-197 tf

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October 2-48-1y.

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October 28, 1865-89 6m.

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